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Inspector General (OIG) investigations, 2009, 2012

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Office of General Counsel Office of Inspector General U.S. Department of State 1700 North Moore Street

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Arlington, VA 22209

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### United States Department of State and the Broadcasting Board of Governors

Office of Inspector General

JUN 0 6 2013

Re: OIG FOIA Case No. 13-00041-FOI

This is in response to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, request dated March 29, 2013, to the U.S. Department of State's Office of Inspector General (OIG).

You requested "a copy of the first five pages of The Final Report, Report of Investigation, Closing Memo, Referral Memo and/or Referral Letter, whichever is applicable," for specific closed State Department OIG investigations.

To timely respond to your request, we are providing you the executive summary for the closed cases. The executive summary provides a summary of the significant findings resulting from the investigation. Enclosed are 17 documents responsive to your request. The documents are being released to you in part, redacted under FOIA exemptions (b)(6) and (b)(7)(C). Four documents (Case Numbers: C2007032, C2008097, C2009023 and C2009111) are being withheld, pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(3). This exemption protects information specifically exempted from disclosure by other federal statutes. The documents requested are subject to Rule 6(e) of the Federal Rules and Criminal Procedure and cannot be disclosed to anyone who is not authorized by the court overseeing the case. We have enclosed a separate sheet explaining the exemptions.

For your information, Congress excluded three discrete categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of the FOIA. See 5 U.S.C. § 552(c) (2006 & Supp. IV 2010). This response is limited to those records that are subject to the requirements of the FOIA. This is a standard notification that is given to all our requesters and should not be taken as an indication that excluded records do, or do not, exist.

You may appeal this decision within 60 days to the Chairman of the Appeals Panel of the U.S. Department of State as explained in the enclosed. Appeals should be addressed to: Chairman, Appeals Review Panel, Attention: Appeals Officer, A/ISS/IPS/PP/LC, Room 8100, State Annex 2 (SA-2), U.S. Department of State, Washington, D.C. 20522-8100.

Sincerely,

Harold W. Geisel

Deputy Inspector General

Enclosures: As stated



(b)(6) (b)(7)(C)

#### **Executive Summary**

Number: C2007037

Title:

Lead Agent:

Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: KUWAIT

Opening Date: September 11, 2007

Closing Date: June 20, 2012

How Received: In person

Complainant Source: OIG/AUD

#### **Executive Summary:**

#### BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:

On September 11, 2007, this investigation was initiated based on a referral from Office of Audits (AUD), Office of Inspector General (OIG), U.S. Department of State (DOS) regarding the construction of the New Embassy Compound (NEC) in Baghdad, Iraq. The referral was made by

who alleged false

statements/certifications by

Additional allegations concerning prime contractor paying bribes to unnamed

individuals and engaging in product substitution during construction of the NEC were also received.

#### **RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION:**

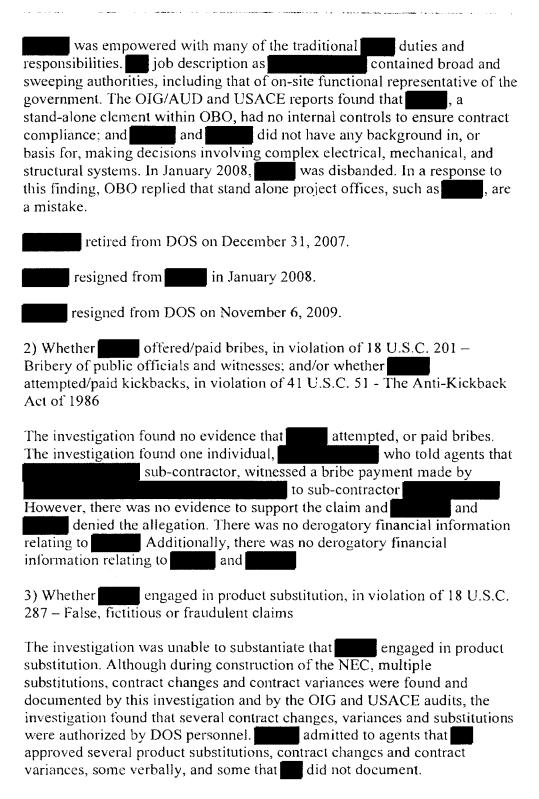
In addition to the alleged and developed allegations sited above, multiple allegations related to technical deficiencies during the construction of NEC Baghdad were received by the OIG. An audit of the contract administration, commissioning, accreditation, design and construction was conducted by OIG/AUD and supported by the United States Army Corp of Engineers (USACE). Between August 2008 and March 2009, auditors, engineers and technicians conducted twenty days of facility inspections, multiple records reviews and multiple interviews with personnel in Baghdad and in the Washington D.C. area. Several findings were enumerated in the OIG/AUD



and USACE reports. OIG/Office of Investigations (INV) conducted several interviews, many related to the fire suppression system and electrical wiring, which were incorporated in the OIG/AUD and USACE reports and used to support their findings.

Additionally, a separate, parallel investigation was conducted by the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction (SIGIR), case in conjunction with the Department of Justice (DOJ), Civil Fraud Branch, regarding allegations of false claims by The allegations were enumerated in a complaint filed in the Eastern District of Virginia on
December 11, 2006 in civil qui tam,  Due to the investigative resources available to INV at that time, and due to the fact that SIGIR employed investigators located in Baghdad, SIGIR conducted the qui tam investigation. SIGIR's investigation did not substantiate that submitted false claims. On May 15, 2008, DOJ filed a Notice of Election to Decline Intervention. The case was closed on August 11, 2009.
1) Whether made false statements, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1001 – Statements or entries generally
This investigation found that statements/certifications when issued a Certificate of Substantial Completion on December 16, 2007, certifying that the requirements of the New Embassy Compound (NEC) contracts SALMEC-05-C-0019, SALMEC-05-C-0020, SALMEC-05-C-0021, SALMEC-05-C-0030, and SALMEC-05-D-0042 had been completed in a satisfactory manner, although in March 2008, approximately 966 deficiencies in the NEC had been identified. The investigation found that as the in Baghdad,
conducted the final walk through of the facilities with who found it
substantially complete, and therefore, made the certification as such. The investigation found no evidence that "knowingly and willfully falsified, concealed or covered up" deficiencies in the NEC by certifying substantial completion in December 2007. The investigation, supported by both OIG/AUD and USACE reports, found that r, was the senior
DOS representative on-site. In interview, referred to as realistic although supervisor of record was.  The investigation along with the OIG/AUD and USACE reports found that







4) Whether made false statements, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1001 – Statements or entries generally
The investigation found the did not make a false statement when provided a 5-page addendum to his Questionnaire for National Security Position (also known as the SF-86), listing that was a Registered Professional Engineer in the states of Texas and Louisiana, although there is negligible evidence to indicate this is factual.
security clearance investigation and told agents that during interview with answered "no" to the question of professional licenses held, as noted in report. added that at the time of interview, provided a 3-page addendum, which did not attach to final report, but referenced it in report as "employment history." stated has no knowledge of the 5-page addendum, which is different than the 3 page addendum, provided to by
5) Whether made unauthorized commitments which exceeded authority as in violation of FAR 1.602-2, DOSAR 601.603-3 and 14 FAH-2 H-132.1
The investigation found that did exceed authority as when committed the U.S. Government to multiple product substitutions and contract deviations and variances without the proper authority. The investigation, supported by the audit, found that failed to adequately perform responsibilities as the which were specified in a September 26, 2005 Delegation of Responsibility letter, signed by and issued to by the Contracting Officer. The letter detailed responsibilities, and admitted to agents that deferred many of those responsibilities to the Washington branch of the simply missed or changed the contract requirements, and that approved product substitutions without properly documenting them. In interview, provided several occasions in which authorized changes, variances, and substitutions to the contract.
JUDICIAL ACTION:
On May 15, 2008, DOJ filed a Notice of Election to Decline Intervention of the civil false claims act allegations. On November 13, 2009, Trial Attorney Criminal Division, Department of Justice, who had been consulted during the entirety of the investigation, declined criminal prosecution of all allegations related to and



### Offense Code(s):

**BRIBERY** 

CONTRACT FRAUD OR IRREGULARITIES

**FALSE CLAIMS** 

FALSE STATEMENTS

KICKBACKS



(b)(6) (b)(7)(C)

#### **Executive Summary**

Number: C2008011 Title: Lead Agent: Investigation Duty Post: DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Opening Date: February 15, 2008 Closing Date: April 12, 2012 How Received: Other Complainant Source: OIG/ISP **Executive Summary:** Basis for Investigation: On January 25, 2008, the Office of Inspector General (OIG), Office of Investigations (INV), received a referral from the OIG, Office of Inspections (ISP), concerning allegations of numerous irregularities with the official travel authorizations and vouchers of Results of Investigation: The investigation determined was overpaid \$17,612.87 due to filing false travel vouchers. Please refer to the Report of Investigation attached in IMS for further details. On September 7, 2011, HR/ER proposed for a 10 day suspension. On April 9, 2012, INV received the final administrative adjudication from DS/PSS. No other investigative activity is warranted. This case is closed.

Offense Code(s):

**FALSE CLAIMS** 

Department of State

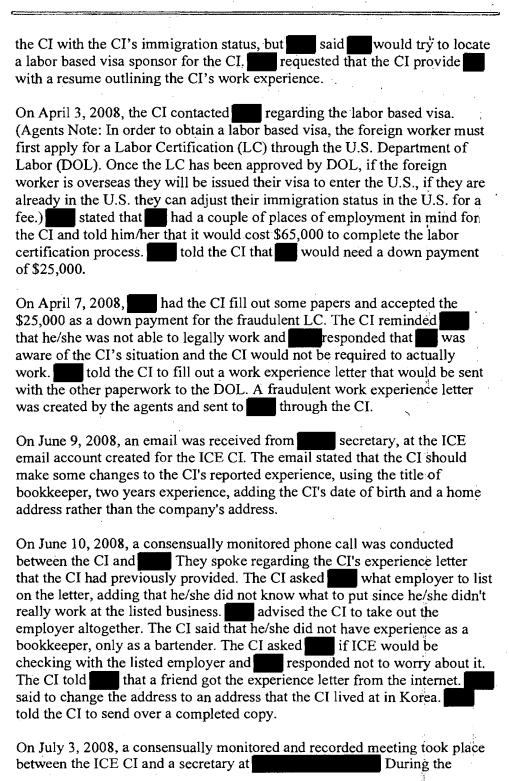
Number: C2008013

## Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations



Title:
Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: VIRGINIA
Opening Date: March 10, 2008 Closing Date: April 17, 2012
How Received: Other Complainant Source: Anonymous or unknown
Executive Summary:
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:
This investigation was initiated based upon information provided by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF), that was knowingly filing for false labor based visas for aliens attempting to obtain legal permanent residency in the U.S. The ATF informed the Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), Document and Benefit Fraud Task Force (DBFTF) that had filed for labor based visas for aliens on behalf of several area companies looking to employ foreign workers, but that none of the foreign workers would actually work for the companies. An ICE Confidential Informant (CI) was introduced to in an attempt to see if would file fraudulent paperwork for a labor based visa on the CI's behalf through a local company.
VIOLATIONS:
18 USC section 1546 Fraud and Misuse of Visas, Permits, and other Documents (Under Investigation), 18 USC section 1001 False Statements (Under Investigation).
INVESTIGATIVE CONCLUSIONS:
On February 28, 2008, an ICE CI met with at at During the meeting the CI stated he/she was illegally residing in the U.S. without the proper documentation.
DACE LOE 2





PAGE 2 OF 3



meeting, the CI provided the secretary with the CI's corrected experience letter. The secretary told the CI that they would need the original signed copy. The CI told the secretary that it was not a real document, and that because he/she never actually worked at the company, the CI could not get 'the employer to sign it. The secretary then told the CI that the CI or someone would need to sign it, and provided the CI with a pen. The CI then signed the experience letter, handed it to the secretary and departed.

the employer to sign it. The secretary then told the CI that the CI or someone would need to sign it, and provided the CI with a pen. The CI then signed the experience letter, handed it to the secretary and departed.
On October 28, 2008, the case agents learned that DOL had received the LC filing on behalf of the ICE CI. The filing indicated the petitioner was a company owned by and which used the same address,  ICE tracked the \$25,000 check the CI had paid as a deposit. deposited the check into a bank account.
The case agents learned that the CI's LC paperwork was not progressing through the system in a timely fashion. The DOL OIG agent assigned to the case discovered that DOL was auditing the CI's paperwork. DOL stated that they were approximately fourteen months behind on audits. In late 2010, the U.S. Attorney's Office contacted DOL to see if the CI's LC paperwork could be completed and approved.
As of April 2012, the case agents have had the CI maintain contact through phone calls and meetings with concerning the status of the LC paperwork. The agents also submitted a search warrant affidavit to Assistant U.S. Attorney
CASE STATUS:
It has been determined that since the investigation mostly involves

It has been determined that since the investigation mostly involves immigration and DOL matters, Department of State, Office of Inspector General participation is no longer required. The ICE DBFTF will continue to investigate this case to its logical conclusion. ICE's case number is

Offense Code(s):

VISA MALFEASANCE OR FRAUD



Number: C2008068 Title:			
		٠.	
Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: VIRGINIA			
•			
Opening Date: July 8, 2008 Closing Date: April 16, 2012	•		
How Received: Other Complainant Source: Anonymous or unknown			١
Executive Summary:			4,
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:		ŧ	
petitions with USCIS since 2001. This case is to DBFTF, U.S. Department of State, Office of In U.S. Department of Labor, Office of Inspector Bureau of Diplomatic Security (DS).	nt by U.S. Cimpling of emulation with they were hover 1,800 epeing worked aspector Gen	iployees vere not lired to w mployme life jointly eral (DC)	o and who living in vork. In ent based by ICE OS OIG),
VIOLATIONS:			
Permits, and other Documents (Under Investigation).			
·	ation), 18 O.	se secue	
INVESTIGATIVE CONCLUSIONS:	,	SC section	



foreign workers. The majority of the petitions were for employment locations in Chantilly, Reston, and Fairfax, VA. The USCIS Fraud Detection and National Security Unit (USCIS FDNS) reviewed USCIS receipt files for a
who was sponsored for an employment based petition by On this petition, indicated that intended to hire
from 5/11/2006 to 3/1/2009. The petition was approved by USCIS on 4/6/2006. On 10/12/2006, USCIS FDNS conducted a site visit to
t at the location in order to interview the petitioner, and the beneficiary,
The USCIS FDNS officer was met by
who said was out of the state at the time.  had no knowledge of and was certain that was not employed at the Chantilly location. Indicated that was probably at another location in North Carolina or Pennsylvania.  The USCIS FDNS officer noted that the application clearly stated that was to work in the Chantilly location and there was no amendment
indicating that the work location had been changed or that a change had been sought. Indicated that there were 400 employees at various locations and that it was difficult to keep track of them. When asked, stated that the company had approximately 44 employees at the Chantilly location, 40 of whom were H1B visa holders. According to USCIS records
approximately 600 petitions were filed for the business located at  The ICE DBFTF then examined ten
individuals petitioned by including all of whom were allegedly working at the location. Record checks found that all of the subjects were living outside the
Northern Virginia area in various parts of the United States.
The DS SA assigned to the DBFTF requested that DS in India conduct a site visit to the reported office in Chennai. The reported address was found to be a building under construction. A nearby business indicated there had been a gas company at the location prior to the construction, and they were unfamiliar with a company called DS also conducted a site visit to the office in Hyderabad, India. The building manager there told the DS agents that the office closed in June 2007 due to an H1B visa scam carried out by the
The DBFTF requested ICE offices in the U.S. conduct site visits to the various offices located around the country. One purported office location was found to simply be a mail forwarder, another was a single small room leased from another business that saw only one person use it for a few weeks, and another was sub-leased to another



company	soon	after		leased	îŧ
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CASE STATUS:

It has been determined that since the investigation mostly involves immigration matters, DOS OIG participation is no longer required. The ICE DBFTF will continue to investigate this case to its logical conclusion. ICE's case number is

Offense Code(s):

VISA MALFEASANCE OR FRAUD

Number: C2009032

Title:

Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations

(b)(6) (b)(7)(C)



Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor Duty Post: DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Opening Date: November 21, 2008 Closing Date: July 20, 2012
How Received: Other Complainant Source: CONSULAR AFFAIRS
Executive Summary:
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:
On November 14, 2008, the U.S. Department of State (Department), Office of Inspector General (OIG), Office of Investigation (INV), initiated an investigation based upon information obtained through the Department's Office of Legal Affairs (OLA), Passport Monitor Unit (PMU). It is alleged, that between January 1, 2005 and October 24, 2007,  accessed the passport applications of multiple persons through the Department's Passport Information Electronic Records System (PIERS) without authorization or for official purpose.
RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION:
The investigation determined that while working as a from September 2004 to September 28, 2008, accessed and viewed passport records of individuals in the PIERS system without authorization or for official purpose on multiple occasions between January 5, 2005 and January 25, 2008.
A review of PIERS history records revealed that accessed and viewed the passport records of 41 celebrities and professional athletes as well as 26 family members or persons with the last name.  Additionally, during interview, identified from PIERS history records, 20 other individuals' records searched without authorization or
PAGE 1 OF 2



official purpose. These individuals were identified as relatives, friends, former schoolmates and coworkers. admitted during interview with OIG/INV Special Agents that did not have authorization or official purpose to access these records.
(Agent Note: At the time of this report, is currently employed as a and has maintained access to PIERS without incident or any unauthorized access since last noted violation on January 25, 2008. The has been the recipient of two awards since PMU first notified supervisors of unauthorized access. was also promoted to in February 2011.)
was issued a Letter of Warning and admonishment by PSS and HR respectively. See Attachments for details.
CASE STATUS: Closed.
Offense Code(s):
COMPUTER FRAUD (18-USC-1030)



Title:
Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: VIRGINIA
Opening Date: December 9, 2008 Closing Date: December 3, 2012
How Received: Other Complainant Source:
Executive Summary:
BASIS OF INVESTIGATION:
This investigation was initiated based upon information received from
who alleged a conflict of interest by OBO employee in relationship with a
Department contractor. At that time, held three OBO contracts valued at \$223,225,086.
valued at
\$223,225,086.



reviewing and approving the award or the contract. sought employment, in violation of 5 C.F.R. 2635, Subpart F - Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch, Seeking Other Employment. was seeking employment with Although the investigation found that when forwarded resume to on October 14, 2008, did not violate the standards of ethical conduct for employees seeking other employment because there was no evidence that participated "personally and substantially" in any particular matter involving provided contractor bid or proposal information, in violation of FAR 3-104 – Procurement Integrity. The investigation found that did not violate procurement integrity an email containing a 5-part strategy approach on when sent how could resolve the contracting problems that was having with OBO; when provided with copies of unclassified, redacted DOS cables concerning monthly updates of project performance on the and contracts; and when provided a document concerning the The investigation found that the information provided did not contain any of the following: cost or pricing data; indirect costs and direct labor rates; or proprietary information about manufacturing process; operations, or techniques marked by the contractor as "contractor bid or proposal information." There is no evidence that with procurement or sensitive information. engaged in unauthorized disclosures to the media and general public, in violation of 10 FAM 126 - Unofficial Speaking, Writing, and Teaching. The investigation determined that did make unauthorized disclosures to the general public when provided with copies of unclassified, redacted DOS cables concerning monthly updates of the contracts; when provided with a document concerning and the that was not intended for a copy of a DOS the public; and when provided warranted DOS Contracting Officer document. According to and a DOS contractor does not have independent access to the DOS telegram/cable system and DOS cables concerning monthly project



document, the bureau of Public Affairs website states is not a and is not to be handed out, e-mailed or faxed
to anyone outside the Administration. Additionally, the investigation found
that also made an unauthorized, non public disclosure when informed in an email sent to sent to some on November 7, 2008, in which
disclosed that the will be released in a week.
Whether used his public office for private gain, in violation of 5 C.F.R. 2635.702 – Use of Public Office for Private Gain.
The investigation determined that did use public office for private gain when provided unsolicited OBO information not available to the public, as noted above attempt to curry favor with a potential employer, although unsuccessful, made it appear as if was an insider, with valuable information to share, thus the performance of official duties
would have affected private interest, if successful.

### Offense Code(s):

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

ETHICS IN GOVERNMENT ACT VIOLATION(S)

Number: C2009060

Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations

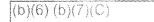
(b)(6) (b)(7)(C)



Citle:
nvestigation Supervisor: Outy Post: CHINA
Opening Date: February 20, 2009 Closing Date: February 9, 2012
Now Received: Internet (Email) Complainant Source: DIPLOMATIC SECURITY
Executive Summary:
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION
This investigation was initiated on August 28, 2008, by the U.S. of State (DOS) Office of Professional Responsibility (DS/PR) based upon information provided by the U.S. Consulate Montreal and the Hamilton Police Service in the Province of Ontario, Canada (Exhibit 1). This case was referred to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) Office of Investigations (INV) on February 5, 2009, due to the suspected misuse of the Passport Information Electronic Records System (PIERS). It was alleged that the period of the Passport Information and/or locate a former of the Passport Information and Passport I
RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION
admitted to accessing passport records through PIERS.  dmitted to accessing or trying to access passport records for family and riends of admitted to obtaining border crossing information brough a U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) computer system.  admitted to creating and using more than 60 different email addresses to ontact in hopes of rekindling a personal relationship.  dmitted to continuing the behavior of contacting was even after, was



warned twice by the Hamilton Police Service to stop harassing admitted to sending an unsolicited email discussing the and whereabouts of passport. An admitted that neither any of family members gave permission to look up or access passport information.	nor
CASE STATUS:	:
On January 20, 2010, HR/ER proposed for separation. On Septer 30, 2011 the Foreign Service Grievance Board upheld HR/ER's decisi terminate employment.	
DS/SI/PSS notified OIG/INV on 2/9/2012 that Top Secrect Sec Clearance was revoked.	urity
CASE STATUS: CLOSED.	
Offense Code(s):	
COMPUTER FRAUD (18-USC-1030)	







Number: <b>C2009063</b> Title:			,
Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: IRAQ			1
Opening Date: March 10, 2009 Closing Date: April 9, 2012			
How Received: Other Complainant Source: Anonymous or ur	ıknown		
Executive Summary:	-		
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:			
This investigation was initiated based of Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction of Iraq Reconstruction of the Department of th	onstruction (SI) It was alleged t of Defense (D and as a State (DOS) in or of reconstruction	GIR) and Do that OOD) contract Iraq, solicit and oth on projects i	efense ctor with ted and ers, in n Southern or DOD
RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION:			
The investigation determined that between conspired with an Iraqi DOD sub-contractor conspiracy, wire fraud, receipt of illegate and conspiracy when and assisted obtain contracts to kickbacks and bribes totaling \$106,820 that attempted to obtain \$113,800 that attempted to obtai	or to to co al kickbacks, re led confidential funded by the I of the investiga	mmit wire f ceipt of ille bidding info OOD in exchation also de	raud galibribes, ormation nange for termined



DOS contract to Iraqi contractor owner of however immediately following the award of the contract, the contract was cancelled due to past poor performance by the contractor.
The investigation determined that contractor, conspired with to receive kickbacks and bribes relating to DOD sub-contracts.  DOJ accepted cooperation in exchange for being charged in the conspiracy.
On February 8, 2011, plead guilty to wire fraud conspiracy and wire fraud. On January 19, 2012, was sentenced to 33 months confinement, ordered to pay \$106,820 in restitution, ordered to pay a \$200 special assessment fee, and serve two years supervised release.
On October 8, 2009, a Criminal Complaint was filed in the U.S. District Court, Western District of Texas (Exhibit 1). was subsequently arrested on October 16, 2009 (Exhibit 2).
On January 20, 2011, an Information was filed in the in the U.S. District Court, Western District of Texas charging with one count of violation of 18 USC 1349 (Wire Fraud Conspiracy) and one count of violation of 18 USC 1343 (Wire Fraud) (Exhibit 3) subsequently pled guilty to the Criminal Information (Exhibit 4).
On January 19, 2012 was sentenced in the U.S. District Court, Western District of Texas, on a two count Criminal Information charging with one count of Wire Fraud Conspiracy, (18 USC 1349), and one count of Wire Fraud (18 USC 1343) was sentenced to 33 months confinement on each count (to run concurrently), ordered to pay restitution in the amount of \$106,820, special assessment fee of \$200 and 2 years supervised release (Exhibit 5).
FOSTER:
AUSA and and counsel entered into negotiations and a position paper was drafted and finalized to determine culpability (Unattached Exhibit 9). AUSA subsequently declined to prosecute
IR A OL CONTR A CTORS

#### Department of State

# Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations



Prosecution was declined in favor of administrative action.

CASE STATUS: CLOSED.

Offense Code(s):

**CONSPIRACY** 

CONTRACT FRAUD OR IRREGULARITIES

**KICKBACKS** 

MAÍL OR WIRE FRAUD

Number: C2009072

## Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations

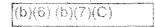


Title:
Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: HAWAII
Opening Date: May 1, 2009 Closing Date: February 1, 2012
How Received: Other Complainant Source: OTHER BUREAU/POST
Executive Summary:
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:
This investigation was predicated upon the receipt of a referral on April 15, 2009, from the Bureau of Diplomatic Security (DS), Diplomatic Security Service (DSS), Professional Responsibility Division (PR), wherein it was reported that Los Angeles Field Office (LAFO), Honolulu Resident Office (HRO), was misusing government owned vehicle (GOV).
RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION:
On August 27, 2009, was issued a letter of proposed disciplinary action, suspending for 45 days for willful misuse of a Government vehicle, failure to maintain accurate vehicle logs, and lack of candor during interview with OIG investigators.
On October 7, 2009, was issued the final letter of disciplinary action
The letter notified that proposed 45 days suspension had been mitigated to 35 days suspension, due to the lack of candor charge not being sustained.
Since has received his final letter of disciplinary action, no further investigation is warranted.



On January 15, 2010, SA was advised by that has been issued a proposed security clearance revocation notice. Stated this process could take a while. SA advised that we would need a copy of the final decision for our files.
On January 26, 2012, INV received a copy of the letter sent to from informing that the Appeal
Panel (Panel) voted to reverse the decision of DS to revoke security clearance. The letter stated that the Panel noted that the transgressions that led DS to revoke security clearance, including admitted misuse of a Government vehicle and failure to be fully and immediately forthcoming with Government investigators when questioned about the misuse. The Pane strongly cautioned that any future transgressions could once again serve as a basis the revocation of security clearance and that this letter would be brought to the attention of the Panel should become the subject
of any future security clearance revocation proceedings.  Since all action have been finalized in this investigation, the case is closed.
Offense Code(s):

EMPLOYEE MISCONDUCT MATTERS





#### Executive Summary

	•		
Number: C2009087 Title:			, ,
Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: WASHINGTON (STATE OF)			
Opening Date: June 12, 2009 Closing Date: November 4, 2009			
How Received: Other Complainant Source: Anonymous or unknown			
Executive Summary:		•	
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION	;		
This investigation was initiated on June 11, 2009 obtained from the Arlington County, Virginia Po County provided Incident Report was arrested on June 8, 2009 for	lice Departm indication	ent. Arli	ington
RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION			
as a Special Agent of the Department of Inspector General (OIG) Office of Investigations was arrested on June 8, 2009 for assault and batte was not aware of the 12 FAM regulations require about the arrest. SA provided wand explained that DOS/OIG/INV would now m DS/SI/PSS on behalf. Stated that cor about July 16, 2009. SA told contact if they have any additional questions security clearance. No further investigation w DOS/OIG/INV due to pending court case.	State (DOS) of affirery. State stone in the contact of that DS/SI/PS or instruction	Office of med that ated that ify DS/S 12 FAM at to be checked at the construction of t	f t t SI/PSS I 272 I for on

DS/SI/PSS responded "No Action."

#### Department of State

# Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations



CASE STATUS: Closed.

Offense Code(s):

PROHIBITED PERSONNEL PRACTICES

(b)(6) (b)(7)(C)



#### **Executive Summary**

Number: C2009098

Title: (QUI TAM)

Lead Agent:

Investigation Supervisor:

Duty Post: AFGHANISTAN

Opening Date: July 23, 2009 Closing Date: April 9, 2012

How Received: Other

Complainant Source: Anonymous or unknown

#### **Executive Summary:**

#### BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:

On June 22, 2009, notification was received from the Department of Justice (DOJ) regarding a Qui Tam Complaint filed on May 15, 2009. and the Qui Tam Plaintiffs, alleged that made false claims to the U.S. Department of State (DOS) in regards to Civilian Police Contract (CPC) SLMAQM-04-C-0030 and the Central Poppy Eradication (CPE) Task Order SAQMPD-04-C-1076 by failing to supply eight weeks of classroom based training to Poppy Eradication Force (PEF) personnel between May 2008 through September of 2008. The Qui Tam Plaintiffs further alleged that stalled falsely reported to DOS the total number of PEF students trained in order to be paid under the contract.

#### **RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION:**

The investigation determined that the allegations that failed to provide all of the required classroom based training under the PEF contract are unfounded. Task Order (TO) SAQMPD04C1076 and the Statement of Work (SOW) require that training of four opium poppy crop destruction teams be conducted, but neither the TO or SOW specify whether training be classroom-based or field-based. Interviews with witnesses revealed that due to the fact that many of the Afghan police personnel selected for training by the Afghan Ministry of Interior (MOI) were illiterate, an eight week classroom-based training program would not have been practical.

PAGE 1 OF 2

1



The investigation also determined that allegations that all falsified the number of Afghan police personnel who received the poppy eradication-specific training, in order to be paid under the contract, were unfounded. Although the SOW required to assist the Afghanistan Ministry of Interior in selecting and training a 675-person PEF, did not submit invoices based on the number of PEF students trained. A review of invoices submitted by to DOS for the PEF contract from April 2008 through August of 2008 showed no indication that billed DOS based on the number of Afghan police personnel trained. Also, the TO did not tie in any potential reimbursements that could exercise under the terms of the TO to the number of PEF personnel trained. Finally, OIG's Middle East Regional Office conducted performance audit December 2009 and concluded that met its contractual requirements to establish, train and equip an Afghan PEF. On February 14, 2011, and notified the Court of their voluntary dismissal of their claim. On October 15, 2010, Assistant United States Attorney, filed Notice of Election to Decline Intervention in the Qui Tam to the United States District Court for the District of Columbia. CASE STATUS: CLOSED.

Offense Code(s):

CONTRACT FRAUD OR IRREGULARITIES



Jumber: C2009102
itle:
nead Agent:  nead Agent:  novestigation Supervisor:  Outy Post: IRAQ
Opening Date: August 3, 2009 Closing Date: June 18, 2012
Iow Received: Other Complainant Source: Anonymous or unknown
Executive Summary:
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:
On May 20, 2009, the U.S. Department of State (Department), Office of Inspector General (OIG), Office of Investigations (INV), received information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) regarding Illegations of theft of diesel fuel in Baghdad, Iraq. According to a witness who was subsequently identified as employees and developed a scheme that enabled them to steal fuel from the J.S. Government. Accordingly, the fuel pertained to Department funded Task Order 151, which was under the Logistic Civil Augmentation Program LOGCAP).
RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION:
This was a joint investigation involving OIG/INV, the Federal Bureau of investigation (FBI) and the Defense Criminal Investigative Service (DCIS). This investigation determined that the employee made investigation determined that the first and DCIS SA and DCIS SA interviewed investigation determined that the first investigation (FBI) and the U.S. Government. FBI SAs and DCIS SA interviewed investigation determined that the first admitted that on two investigation determined that the first investigation (FBI) and the second time was with the first investigation (FBI) and the Department investigative Service (DCIS).



stated personally received approximately \$6,000.00 from the resale of the fuel.
During the initial stage of the investigation was on rest and recuperation break. (Agent Note: is a citizen) Soon after learned of the allegations, contacted and resigned and did not return to Iraq. Additionally, after learned of the allegations, did not report back to work and terminated employment. (Agent Note: is an initial national). No attempts were made to locate either or in their respective countries due to the declination for prosecution.
The investigation did not produce any evidence to corroborate admissions or allegations and as co-conspirators. The investigation did not produce any evidence to determine the precise dollar loss to the U.S. Government
DS/SI/PSS returnd a response, "No action" on December 5, 2011. Their office defers to DS/IS/IND.
DS/IS/IND responded on 6/15/2012 stating they notified DISCO.
CASE STATUS: CLOSED.

Offense Code(s):

THEFT OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

Number: C2009112

# Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations



Title:		
Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: AFGHANISTAN		
Opening Date: August 28, 2009 Closing Date: January 17, 2012		
How Received: Other Complainant Source: HOTLINE		
Executive Summary:		\$** \$**
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:		
Qui Tam Complaint, Case Number 2009, in United States District Court for pursuant to the Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3730 (b).  (DOS) contract S-AQMPD-07-C0054 a contract N33191-07-D-1357, product physical security for the U.S. Ethe Naval Support Activity Facilities in	or the District of C e qui tam provision was the Under Department of C trovided local guar Embassy in Kabul	ons of the False ortment of State of the Navy (Navy) ord force personnel to orthe Afghanistan and
is a . Subsequent to the acquisition of	ndirect subsidiary ny that acquired wholly-owr by	in May 2008.  ned subsidiary of was made a ang its obligations
alleged that was not in contracts for the following reasons: committed human trafficking violations failed to provide qualified and trained g	personnel, in s by soliciting pro	



Kabul (USEK); and violated the Defense Security Services (DSS) Foreign Ownership, Control, or Influence (FOCI) requirements by utilizing the members of their proxy board to conduct business on behalf of parent company,
RESULTS OF THE INVESTIGATION:
1. Based upon numerous interviews and reviews of documents, the investigation revealed that failed to implement a Trafficking Victims Protection Act policy as required under the contract, and failed to prevent its personnel who were working on the DOS contract from procuring commercial sex acts. Submitted claims for payment for guard services rendered by guards who procured commercial sex acts, which were subsequently paid by the DOS. The value of these guards was significantly diminished due to their actions, and the United States' reputation and diplomatic mission as a whole suffered as a result.
2. Based upon numerous interviews and reviews of documents, the investigation revealed that misrepresented the qualifications of thirty-eight TCN guards. submitted claims for payment for the services of the guards for the period November 1, 2007 to June 30, 2010.
3. Based upon numerous interviews and reviews of documents, the investigation revealed that failed to comply with the FOCI mitigation requirements set forth in a proxy agreement dated October 14, 2005, between and the failed to follow the reporting requirements of the National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual (NISPOM) and placed undue reliance on personnel, resources and past performance in connection with their proposal for and performance on the contracts.
JUDICIAL ACTION:
On August 28, 2009, this investigation was assigned to Trial Attorney, Civil Division, Commercial Litigation Branch, Frauds Section, U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ).
On January 24, 2011, DOJ entered into settlement negotiations with who was represented by attorney and law firm
On April 26, 2011, DOJ and enlisted the assistance of mediator



On April 29, 2011, DOJ filed a motion in U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia to intervene on behalf of on the three allegations previously listed.

On June 30, 2011, a settlement agreement was signed between and DOJ in the amount of \$7,536,510.41.

ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION:

A/OPE responded "no action warranted". See attachments for details.

CASE STATUS: Closed.

Offense Code(s):

FALSE CLAIMS



### **Executive Summary**

Title:	ŧ
Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: WASHINGTON (STATE OF)	
Opening Date: September 14, 2009 Closing Date: June 13, 2012	
How Received: Other Complainant Source: Anonymous or unknown	
Executive Summary:	
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION: This investigation was predicated upon information received from the of Diplomatic Security (DS). DS received information from alleging  contract with DS Office of Domestic Facilities Protection (I had misused position and exceeded authority as through involvement in internal matters related to employees on the contract. Specifically, it was alleged has developed a perelationship with employee and has directed a of raises and promotions for and friends.	for OFP), working ersonal
Results of Investigation:  The investigation determined	the irected lting in
The investigation determined misused position for the fina benefit of friends by influencing the hiring and promotion actions of personnel in violation of the Standards of Ethical Conduct for Emplo	



the Executive Branch (5 CFR 2635.702). A reasonable person may question the integrity of the Department's programs and operations when the sis widely viewed as having a close personal relationship with a contract employee. In involvement in internal matters is not described in the duties of position and, therefore, cannot be purported as in the best interest of the Department's management of the contract.\*



A preliminary review of the contract and employee files indicates that several contract personnel did not meet the requirements for their labor category, resulting in a potential loss to the Department. OIG/INV recommends an audit of all personnel on the contract to ensure that the department is being billed at the correct rate.

The investigation also determined distributed inappropriate emails through the Department's unclassified system, including sexually explicit photographs and jokes in violation of 5 FAM 723.

received numerous promotions and salary increases at the behest of despite not meeting the minimum qualifications for several of the positions. With each successive promotion, previous positions were not backfilled, and initially claimed to have simply



continued performing all previous duties, despite being unable to cite them and in contradiction to claim of never having seen a position description for any of jobs. admitted the information contained on resume was inaccurate, listing previous job title as in violation of 18 USC 1001 – False Statements. admitted never having served in this position or possessing the requisite qualifications for a further admitted does not possess the knowledge, experience, or qualifications for current position of
The investigation also determined distributed inappropriate emails through the Department's unclassified system, including sexually explicit photographs and jokes in violation of 5 FAM 723.
* On 4/25/11 DS/SI/PSS issued a Warning Memorandum to * On 6/13/12 HR/ER proposed a 10 day suspension of without pay.
Offense Code(s):
FALSE CLAIMS
EALCE CTATEMENTS



### Executive Summary

Number: C2009121		
Γitle:		5
Lead Agent:  nvestigation Supervisor:  Duty Post: VIRGINIA	<b>I</b>	
Opening Date: September 15, 2009 Closing Date: August 2, 2012		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
How Received: Other Complainant Source: ANOTHER AGEI	NCY	
Executive Summary:		4
received from the General Services Adr General, (GSA/OIG), alleging Fairfax, VA, engaged in labor mischarg labor rates, assigning unqualified person and over billing labor categories. GSA/G Contracting Officer authorizing the use of unqualified Orders (under GSA contracts) after the to the Department.	ing by incorrectly connel to GSA schedu OIG alleges Departr improperly signed personnel on D	alculating direct le Task Orders, ment of State I waivers department Task
Results of Investigation:		
committed the offense of 18 USC 371: personally benefited form signing the la	ned there was insuffed an unknown subjection Conspiracy, or that both dispersion was offenses of 18 USC	ficient evidence to ect at
This investigation is closed.		-i 1
Offense Code(s):		1

#### Department of State

# Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations



# CONTRACT FRAUD OR IRREGULARITIES FALSE CLAIMS

Number: C2009123

Title:

Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations

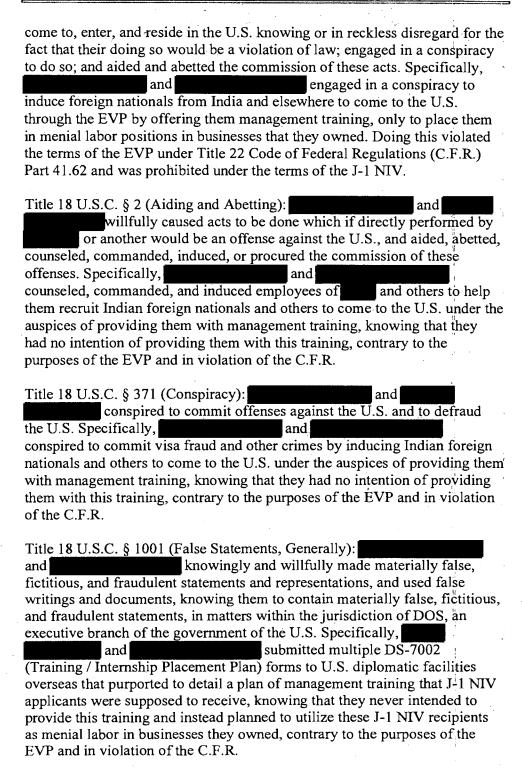
(b)(6) (b)(7)(C)



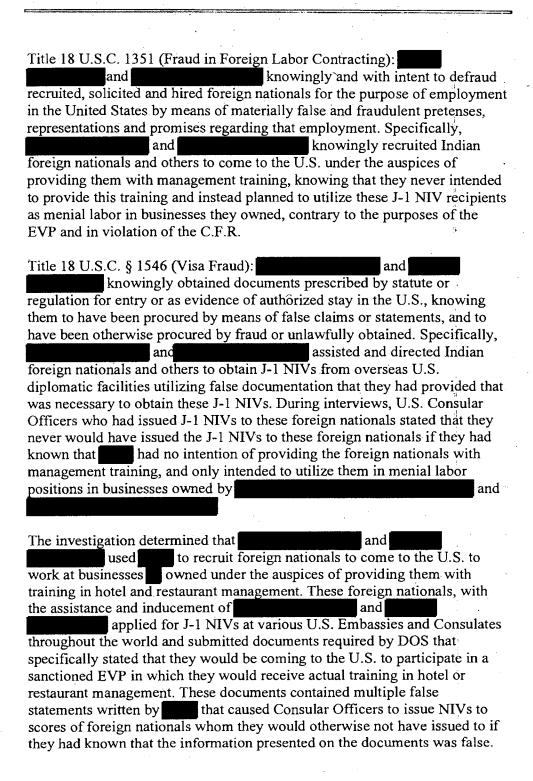
### **Executive Summary**

Lead Agent: Included a series of the control of the	
Opening Date: September 18, 2009 Closing Date: August 6, 2012	
How Received: Other Complainant Source: OTHER BUREAU/POST	
Executive Summary:	
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:	
Chis investigation was predicated upon information received from the U.S. Department of State (DOS), Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs ECA), Office of Exchange Coordination and Compliance (ECC) on September 11, 2009 that Clinton, OK based Exchange Visitor (EV) Spons was abusing DOS' Exchange Visitor Program EVP). Specifically, and was committing visa fraud by inducing J-1 Non-Immigrant Visa (NIV) recipients to come to the U.S. through promises of offering the management training, only to staff them in menial labor positions in oursinesses that owned in Clinton, OK. In March 2011, DOS' Diplomatic Security Service (DSS) Dallas Resident Office, and DOS' Office of Inspection of visa fraud against by an mamed	emic
CONCLUSION:	
The investigation identified substantial evidence indicating that and committed the following federal felonies:	:
Title 8 U.S.C. § 1324 (Bringing in and Harboring Certain Aliens):	
PAGE 1 OF 5	











The EVs who received the NIVs were from countries where the standard living was much lower than in the U.S., and paid and their third pa foreign facilitators substantial amounts of money in order to participate in EVP. They also paid substantial amounts of money for airline tickets to t U.S. and for transportation to Clinton, Oklahoma in order to participate in EVP, leaving many and their families in debt. Upon arrival in Clinton, the EVs discovered that they would not in fact be receiving any type of management training, but instead would be working as servers and dishwashers in and or would be working as groundskeepers, maids, and laundry personnel in and	rty n the he n the
The EVs also earned only minimum wage or less, and had substantial portions of their salaries deducted by for various reasons (such as housing fees) that left them with barely enough money to survive on the local economy required the EVs to live in crowded, substandard housing that was owned by and they were charged a substantial amount per month, as well as frequently threatened with expulsion from EVP if they did not obey multiple and arbitrary rule and regulations, or did not keep their housing clean and orderly. The EVs had no transportation in Clinton, Oklahoma, and were required to find adequate housing after stopped providing housing for EVs in homes owned. Indian EVs working at threatened with expulsion from the EVP by if they spoke Hindi in and were sometimes required to work sever days per week. Additionally, the investigation determined that certain EVs from Indonesia participating in the Summer Work Travel (SWT) category of the EVP were approached by at night in their owned housing and were asked to provide massages to formoney. In addition, several witnesses stated that acknowledged to a neighbor that foreign nationals we providing with massages.	es or the n or nally
The stated purpose of DOS' EVP is to provide training opportunities for foreign students that help to build partnerships, promote mutual understanding, and promote the image of the U.S. as these foreign nation EVs move into leadership roles in their own countries. With regard to the Intern and Trainee categories of the EVP, they are designed to provide as management training to foreign nationals in various fields of study. These categories were specifically not designed to provide sources of cheap for labor for American businesses. The investigation has shown that the man in which	e etual e eign



EVP defrauded DOS and the foreign national EVs they sponsored, and that these actions harmed the image of the U.S. and brought DOS into notoriety and disrepute.

#### STATUS:

As a result of this investigation and an investi	igation by ECC, on August 19,
2011,	for Private
Exchange sent a formal letter to	in which accepted
previous voluntary withdrawal of their	r designation as a sponsor of
Intern and Trainee EVs, effective August 11,	2011. ECC further indigated
that they were considering additional sanctior	is against and their
removal of status as a designated Sponsor of	SWT EVs.
On March 26, 2012, this investigation was ref	ferred to DOJ's Office of
Human Rights and Special Prosecutions, whe	re it was later declined for
prosecution on June 07, 2012 by Senior Trial	Attorney
because of a lack of prosecutorial resources. S	-
noted that office had felt the case so comp	9 ,
approached the U.S. Attorney's Office for the	:
on two occasions in order to attempt to convin	
but that they had likewise declined because o	f similar issues involving a lack
of resources.	

Offense Code(s):

VISA MALFEASANCE OR FRAUD

Department of State

# Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations



### **Executive Summary**

Number: <b>C2010006</b>		
Title:		
Lead Agent: Investigation Supervisor: Duty Post: TURKEY		
Opening Date: October 28, 2009 Closing Date: April 12, 2012		
How Received: In person Complainant Source: ANOTHER AGENCY		
Executive Summary:	•	•
BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:		
On October 16, 2009, U.S. Department of Homeland S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) Special contacted the U.S. Department of State (Department of	Agent (Sz ment), Off V), to requ the the involver ent official which is pr fying when	of ment of INV is in Turkey rohibited by
RELEVANT STATUTES/CITATIONS:		
31 CFR 560 - Iranian Transactions Regulations 50 USC 1701 et. seq U.S. International Emergency I 15 CFR 730 et. seq Export Administration Regulation		Powers Act
INVESTIGATIVE CONCLUSIONS:		
Based on the request for assistance from ICE, INV Sports (SAC) prepared a memorandum to the D		
DACE LOE 2		

PAGE 1 OF 3



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Diplomatic Security, Criminal Investigations Liaison (DS/CR/CIL). In the memorandum, SAC requested that the Regional Security Office (RSO) in Ankara, Turkey provide any visitor records from the U.S. Consulate General in Istanbul, Turkey showing business between the consulate staff and and if such records existed, to provide contact information for consulate personnel with whom met. DS SA provided INV with the visitor logs for February 4, 2009, showing that had been to the consulate. SA also provided information that had met with  On November 16, 2009, U.S. Department of Commerce (DOC), Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS), Office of Export Enforcement (OEE) SA conducted a telephonic interview with Contradicting statements, said warned specifically about the prohibitions on conducting business with Iran and Iranian companies.
The investigation to date established that maintained dual citizenship in the U.S. and Turkey, and that Tunca was the Directors of BestAir. The investigation also determined that signed a lease with to provide one MD-82 aircraft with a full crew (a "wet lease"). The lease was signed January 21, 2009. Although the lease was not signed by Turkish passport showed that was in Iran at the time the lease was signed.
The United States Attorney's Office (USAO) for the Northern District of Illinois, through the U.S. Department of Justice, submitted a Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty (MLAT) to the Government of Turkey requesting law enforcement in Turkey to obtain and execute a search warrant on the headquarters of in Istanbul. The USAO had hoped to execute simultaneous search warrants on and residence. In September 2011, the Government of Turkey rejected the MLAT. The USAO and case agents still plan to obtain a search warrant for residence.
CASE STATUS:
It has been determined that since the investigation primarily involves the International Emergency Economic Powers Act and other economic sanctions, OIG/INV participation is no longer required. ICE and BIS/OEE will continue to investigate this case to its logical conclusion. The ICE case number is

Offense Code(s):

#### Department of State

### Office of Inspector General Office of Investigations



**CUSTOMS VIOLATIONS** 



February 12, 2020

Subject: OIG FOIA/PA Request No. 13-00041-Supplemental Response

This further responds to your Freedom of Information Act/Privacy Act (FOIA/PA) request to the Department of State (DOS) Office of Inspector General (OIG) dated March 29, 2013 and subsequent appeal dated June 10, 2013.

This office provided you with a response to your initial request in a letter dated June 6, 2013. Following your appeal, we have re-reviewed previously withheld material and determined that the portion of one of the documents previously redacted may be released in part. The redactions done within this document are under FOIA exemptions (b)(6) and (b)(7)(C). The other redactions within the document are the same as initially provided to you and were not contested in your appeal. We note that the format of the document being released is different than previously provided to you. This is a result of a change in our document filing system. However, the content, absent the header information and possible offense codes, is unchanged. Four other documents which have been withheld in full and appealed are pending the Appeals Board determination.

The exemptions cited for withholding records or portions of records are marked below.

#### Exemption 6, 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(6)

Exemption 6 allows withholding of "personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy." 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(6)(emphasis added). DOS-OIG is invoking Exemption 6 to protect the names of lower

level investigative staff, third parties, subjects and any information that could reasonably be expected to identify such individuals.

#### Exemption 7(C), 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7)(C)

Exemption 7(C) protects from public disclosure "records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes . . . [if disclosure] could reasonably be expected to cause an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy." 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7)(C). DOS-OIG is invoking Exemption 7(C) to protect the names of lower level investigative staff, third parties, subjects and any information contained in these investigative records that could reasonably be expected to identify those individuals.

#### Appeal

You have the right to appeal this response. Your appeal must be received within 90 calendar days of the date of this letter. Please address any appeal to:

Appeals Officer
Appeals Review Panel
Office of Information Programs and Services
U.S. Department of State
State Annex 2 (SA-2)
515 22<sup>nd</sup> Street, NW
Washington, DC 20522-8100
Facsimile: 202-261-8571

Both the envelope and letter of appeal should be clearly marked, "Freedom of Information Act/Privacy Act Appeal." Your appeal letter should also clearly identify the DOS-OIG's response. Additional information on submitting an appeal is set forth in the DOS regulations at 22 C.F.R. § 171.13.

#### **Assistance and Dispute Resolution Services**

You may contact DOS-OIG's FOIA Public Liaison at <a href="mailto:foia@stateoig.gov">foia@stateoig.gov</a> for any further assistance and to discuss any aspect of your request. Additionally, you may contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records

Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001, e-mail at <a href="mailto:ogis@nara.gov">ogis@nara.gov</a>; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

Sincerely,

William C. Baron

**FOIA Supervisory Officer** 

Enclosures

#### **SUMMARY COMMENT:**

#### BASIS FOR INVESTIGATION:

This investigation was predicated upon information received from the Bureau of Diplomatic Security (DS). DS received information from (b) (6) alleging (b) (6) contract with DS Office of Domestic Facilities Protection (DFP), had misused (b) position and exceeded (b) authority as (b) (6) through involvement in internal (c) (6) matters related to (b) (6) employees working on the contract. Specifically, it was alleged (b) (6) has developed a personal relationship with (b) (6) employee (b) (6) and friends.

### Results of Investigation:

The investigation determined (b) (6) 1) engaged in an inappropriate relationship with (b) assistant, (b) (6) contract employee (b) (6) 2) exceeded the scope and authority of (c) warrant as a (b) (6) by interfering in the supervision and timekeeping of (b) (6) employees, 3) influenced the hiring process of multiple (b) (6) employees to the contract for which (c) serves as (b) (6), hiring friends and family of (b) (6) and 4) directed (b) (6) to make numerous modifications to (d) (6) position resulting in numerous promotions and more than doubling (c) (6) salary despite no increase in qualifications or duties on (b) (6) part.

The investigation determined (b) (6) misused (b) (6) position for the financial benefit of friends by influencing the hiring and promotion actions of (b) (6) personnel in violation of the Standards of Ethical

Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch (5 CFR 2635.702). A reasonable person may question the integrity of the Department's programs and operations when the bis widely viewed as having a close personal relationship with a contract employee. Involvement in internal bis matters is not described in the duties of position and, therefore, cannot be purported as in the best interest of the Department's management of the contract.\*

\*Agent's Note: While responsibilities of the (b) (6) vary with the type of contract and complexity of the Acquisition, normally, a (b) (6) has the responsibility/authority to monitor all aspects of the day-to-day administration of a contract except issues that deal with "time and money". Formally said, a (D) (6) does not have the authority to make any commitments or changes that affect price, quality, quantity, delivery, or other terms and conditions of the contract. Specifically, they cannot do any of the following: make any agreement with the contractor requiring the obligation of public funds (they cannot sign any contract, including delivery orders, purchase orders, or modify a contract, or in any way obligate payment of funds by the Government); encourage the contractor by words, actions, or a failure to act to undertake new work or an extension of existing work beyond the contract period; interfere with the contractor's management prerogative by "supervising" contractor employees or otherwise directing their work efforts; authorize a contractor to obtain property for use under a contract; allow government property accountable under one contract to be used in the performance of another contract; issue instructions to the contractor to start or stop work; order or accept goods or services not expressly required by the contract; and discuss acquisition plans or provide any advance information that might give one contractor an advantage over another contractor in forthcoming procurements.

A preliminary review of the contract and employee files indicates that several contract personnel did not meet the requirements for their labor category, resulting in a potential loss to the Department. OIG/INV recommends an audit of all personnel on the contract to ensure that the department is being billed at the correct rate.

The investigation also determined distributed inappropriate emails through the Department's unclassified system, including sexually explicit photographs and jokes in violation of 5 FAM 723.

(b) (6) received numerous promotions and salary increases at the behest of (b) (6) , despite not meeting the minimum qualifications for several of the positions. With each successive promotion, (b) (6) previous positions were not backfilled, and (b) (6) initially claimed to have simply continued performing all previous duties, despite being unable to cite them and in contradiction to claim of never having seen a position description for any of (b) jobs. (b) (6) admitted the information contained on (b) (6) resume was inaccurate, listing (b) (6) previous job title as (b) (6) lin violation of 18 USC 1001 – False Statements. (b) (6) admitted never having served in this position or possessing the requisite qualifications for a (b) (6) (b) (6) further admitted (b) (6) does not possess the knowledge, experience, or qualifications for (b) (6) current position of (b) (6)

The investigation also determined (b) (6) distributed inappropriate emails through the Department's unclassified system, including sexually explicit photographs and jokes in violation of 5 FAM 723.

<sup>\*</sup> On 4/25/11 DS/SI/PSS issued a Warning Memorandum to (b) (6)

\* On 6/13/12 HR/ER proposed a 10 day suspension of without pay.

Old Allegation Class: Other Old Allegation Class: Other